	Demographics															
MSSA ID MSSA Description	Proportion Advanced Stage	Total Cases	Advanced Observed	Advanced Expected	Excess Advanced	PIR	95% C.I.	2010 Population	MSSA Desgination	Federal Poverty Level (%)		Race (%)	Race (%)	Hispanic Ethnicity (%)	Primary Care Shortage Area (Yes/No)	Patient to Primary Care Physician Ratio***
94 Dos Palos/Gustine/Los Banos**	63	19	12	7.6	4.4	157.9	104.2-239.3	57,136	Rural	Pov100 Pov200	20.2 42.5	White	83.1	65.5	Yes	1,835
												Black	3.4			
												Am. Ind.	1.2			
												Other/Multi	15.5			
												Asian/PI	3.4			
95 Ballico/Cressey/Delhi/ Hilmar/Livingston	<15 cases. See note.					٠	٠	39,709	Rural	Pov100 Pov200	16.3 46.4	White	69.4	52.3	Yes	3,597
												Black	1.6			
												Am. Ind.	1.3			
												Other/Multi	22.3			
												Asian/PI	10			
96 Atwater/Snelling/Winton	<15 cases. See note.						•	49,464	Rural	Pov100 Pov200	22.4 49.6	White	68.5	49.4	Yes	6,012
												Black	4.1			
												Am. Ind.	1.7			
												Other/Multi	25.3			
												Asian/PI	7.7			

^{*} Medical Service Study Areas as defined by Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD).

^{**} The proportion of advanced stage cervical cancers is significantly higher than in the comparison group (PIR p<0.01).

^{***} Patient to primary care physician ratio only provided for areas designated as Primary Care Shortage Areas by OSHPD. (Civilian Populaton:1 Physician). Note: Statistical significance was not calculated for PIRs based on fewer than 15 total cervical cancer cases. Study results have been suppressed. Source: California Cancer Registry, California Department of Public Health (September 2016).

	Demographics															
MSSA ID MSSA Description	Proportion Advanced Stage	Total Cases	Advanced Observed	Advanced Expected	Excess Advanced	PIR	95% C.I.	2010 Population	MSSA Desgination	Federal Poverty Level (%)		Race (%)	Race (%)	Hispanic Ethnicity (%)	Primary Care Shortage Area (Yes/No)	Patient to Primary Care Physician Ratio***
97.1 Merced Central and North/Merced Southeast	<15 cases. See note.			·			٠	70,303	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	21.5 46.5	White	68.3	41.3	No	·
												Black	7			
												Am. Ind.	2.1			
												Other/Multi	19.1			
												Asian/PI	11.4			
97.2 El Nido/Merced Southwest	<15 cases. See note.							26,090	Rural	Pov100 Pov200	33.9 71.8	White	41.5	63.5	Yes	1,411
												Black	6.9			
												Am. Ind.	3.4			
												Other/Multi	37.7			
												Asian/PI	14.7			
97.3 Le Grand/Planada	<15 cases. See note.						·	7,997	Rural	Pov100 Pov200	21.4 54.5	White	63.4	81.3	Yes	1,142
												Black	0.4			
												Am. Ind.	1.3			
												Other/Multi	35.9			
												Asian/PI	2.2			

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^{**} The proportion of advanced stage cervical cancers is significantly higher than in the comparison group (PIR p<0.01).

^{***} Patient to primary care physician ratio only provided for areas designated as Primary Care Shortage Areas by OSHPD. (Civilian Populaton:1 Physician). Note: Statistical significance was not calculated for PIRs based on fewer than 15 total cervical cancer cases. Study results have been suppressed. Source: California Cancer Registry, California Department of Public Health (September 2016).