	Study Results										Demographics										
MSSA ID MSSA Description	Proportion Advanced Stage	Total Cases	Advanced Observed	Advanced Expected	Excess Advanced	PIR	95% C.I.	2010 Population	MSSA Desgination	Feder Pover Level	rty	Race (%)	Race (%)	Hispanic Ethnicity (%)	Primary Care Shortage Area (Yes/No)	Patient to Primary Care Physician Ratio***					
136 Clay/Galt/Herald/Wilton	<15 cases. See note.	٠	•	•	•		•	35,927	Rural	Pov100 Pov200	11.1 27.7	White	71.8	34.5	Yes	27,281					
												Black	2								
												Am. Ind.	2.8								
												Other/Multi	24.2								
												Asian/PI	5.6								
137 Clarksburg/Hood/ Isleton/Locke/Walnut Grove	<15 cases. See note.					٠		5,216	Rural	Pov100 Pov200	8.9 34.4	White	74.7	35.1	Yes	5,216					
												Black	1								
												Am. Ind.	1.4								
												Other/Multi	24.4								
												Asian/PI	11.7								
138 Rancho Murieta/Sloughhouse	<15 cases. See note.							18,980	Rural	Pov100 Pov200	3 9.5	White	71.3	6.6	Yes	0					
												Black	6.2								
												Am. Ind.	3.1								
												Other/Multi	6.4								
												Asian/PI	22.1								

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^{**} The proportion of advanced stage cervical cancers is significantly higher than in the comparison group (PIR p<0.01).

^{***} Patient to primary care physician ratio only provided for areas designated as Primary Care Shortage Areas by OSHPD. (Civilian Populaton:1 Physician). Note: Statistical significance was not calculated for PIRs based on fewer than 15 total cervical cancer cases. Study results have been suppressed. Source: California Cancer Registry, California Department of Public Health (September 2016).

	Study Results										Demographics										
MSSA ID MSSA Description	Proportion Advanced Stage	Total Cases	Advanced Observed	Advanced Expected	Excess Advanced	PIR	95% C.I.	2010 Population	MSSA Desgination	Feder Pover Level (ty	Race (%)	Race (%)	Hispanic Ethnicity (%)	Primary Care Shortage Area (Yes/No)	Patient to Primary Care Physician Ratio***					
139a Elverta/Natomas/North Highlands/Rio Linda**	68	34	23	12.4	10.6	185.5	138.9-247.6	179,031	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	9.4 28.2	White	61	20.7	Yes	44,590					
												Black	14.4								
												Am. Ind.	2.1								
												Other/Multi	16.7								
												Asian/PI	18.5								
139b Carmichael/Fair Oaks/Gold River	57	21	12	8.6	3.4	139.5	91.9-211.8	91,417	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	8.7 22.6	White	86.8	10.3	No						
												Black	4.9								
												Am. Ind.	2								
												Other/Multi	7.9								
												Asian/PI	7								
139c Antelope/Citrus Heights/Foothill Farms	54	35	19	13.9	5.1	136.7	96.5-193.6	120,218	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	15.2 34.1	White	81.8	16.7	Yes	6,647					
												Black	7.6								
												Am. Ind.	1.7								
												Other/Multi	11.2								
												Asian/PI	5.3								

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^{**} The proportion of advanced stage cervical cancers is significantly higher than in the comparison group (PIR p<0.01).

^{***} Patient to primary care physician ratio only provided for areas designated as Primary Care Shortage Areas by OSHPD. (Civilian Populaton:1 Physician). Note: Statistical significance was not calculated for PIRs based on fewer than 15 total cervical cancer cases. Study results have been suppressed. Source: California Cancer Registry, California Department of Public Health (September 2016).

		Stı	udy Results					Demographics										
MSSA ID MSSA Description	Proportion Advanced Stage	Total Cases	Advanced Observed	Advanced Expected	Excess Advanced	PIR	95% C.I.	2010 Population	MSSA Desgination	Feder Pover Level (ty	Race (%)	Race (%)	Hispanic Ethnicity (%)	Primary Care Shortage Area (Yes/No)	Patient to Primary Care Physician Ratio***		
139d Arcade/Arden/Town and Country Village	44	16	7	6.6	0.4	106.1	63-178.5	75,235	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	11.3 26.6	White	82.4	12	No			
												Black	8.7					
												Am. Ind.	2.3					
												Other/Multi	10					
												Asian/PI	7					
139e Folsom/Orangevale	42	19	8	8	0	100	51.8-193	109,032	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	5 14.6	White	79.9	11.2	No			
												Black	6					
												Am. Ind.	1.2					
												Other/Multi	8.3					
												Asian/PI	11					

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		Stı	udy Results					Demographics									
MSSA ID MSSA Description	Proportion Advanced Stage	Total Cases	Advanced Observed	Advanced Expected	Excess Advanced	PIR	95% C.I.	2010 Population	MSSA Desgination	Feder Pover Level (ty	Race (%)	Race (%)	Hispanic Ethnicity (%)	Primary Care Shortage Area (Yes/No)	Patient to Primary Care Physician Ratio***	
139f Florin/Fruitridge/Oak Park/Parkway/South Sacramento**	78	37	29	15.2	13.8	190.8	154-236.4	117,515	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	26.5 55.8	White	51.4	37	Yes	715	
												Black	14				
												Am. Ind.	3.3				
												Other/Multi	20.8				
												Asian/PI	22.7				
139g East Sacramento/La Riviera/Mather/Rancho Cordova/Rosemont	52	25	13	10.1	2.9	128.7	82.3-201.2	125,163	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	15.2 34.5	White	70.7	18.6	No		
												Black	11.6				
												Am. Ind.	3.3				
												Other/Multi	14				
												Asian/PI	12.5				

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^{**} The proportion of advanced stage cervical cancers is significantly higher than in the comparison group (PIR p<0.01).

*** Patient to primary care physician ratio only provided for areas designated as Primary Care Shortage Areas by OSHPD. (Civilian Populaton:1 Physician). Note: Statistical significance was not calculated for PIRs based on fewer than 15 total cervical cancer cases. Study results have been suppressed. Source: California Cancer Registry, California Department of Public Health (September 2016).

		St	udy Results					Demographics										
MSSA ID MSSA Description	Proportion Advanced Stage	Total Cases	Advanced Observed		Excess Advanced	PIR	95% C.I.	2010 Population	MSSA Desgination	Feder Pover Level (rty	Race (%)	Race (%)	Hispanic Ethnicity (%)	Primary Care Shortage Area (Yes/No)	Patient to Primary Care Physician Ratio***		
139h Elk Grove/Laguna/Laguna West/Lakeside	<15 cases. See note.			·		•		73,094	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	11 30.4	White	39.5	22.7	No	·		
												Black	19.8					
												Am. Ind.	1.8					
												Other/Multi	17.3					
												Asian/PI	35.7					
139i Greenhaven/Land Park/Midtown/Pocket/ Riverside/Sutterville	39	18	7	7.5	-0.5	93.3	46.1-188.8	85,349	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	9.1 24.1	White	63.8	13.2	No			
												Black	11.9					
												Am. Ind.	2.1					
												Other/Multi	11.4					
												Asian/PI	24.5					

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^{**} The proportion of advanced stage cervical cancers is significantly higher than in the comparison group (PIR p<0.01).

^{***} Patient to primary care physician ratio only provided for areas designated as Primary Care Shortage Areas by OSHPD. (Civilian Populaton:1 Physician). Note: Statistical significance was not calculated for PIRs based on fewer than 15 total cervical cancer cases. Study results have been suppressed. Source: California Cancer Registry, California Department of Public Health (September 2016).

	Study Results										Demographics										
MSSA ID MSSA Description	Proportion Advanced Stage	Total Cases	Advanced Observed	Advanced Expected	Excess Advanced	PIR	95% C.I.	2010 Population	MSSA Desgination	Feder Pover Level (rty	Race (%)	Race (%)	Hispanic Ethnicity (%)		Patient to Primary Care Physician Ratio***					
139j Capitol Park/Del Paso Heights/Downtown/ Gardenland/North Sacramento**	64	28	18	11.1	6.9	162.2	115.5-227.8	123,707	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	27.1 54.2	White	60	31.1	Yes	1,028					
												Black	16.5								
												Am. Ind.	3.4								
												Other/Multi	19.4								
												Asian/PI	12.8								
139k Freeport/Meadowview**	70	23	16	8.6	7.4	186	138.2-250.4	83,680	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	24.1 52.6	White	41.5	30.9	No						
												Black	22.4								
												Am. Ind.	2.3								
												Other/Multi	15								
												Asian/PI	29.7								
139l Vineyard	33	15	5	5.8	-0.8	86.2	38.2-194.7	75,540	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	7.1 20	White	53.5	16.9	No						
												Black	11.7	1							
												Am. Ind.	2.1								
												Other/Multi	12.1								
												Asian/PI	30.8								

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^{**} The proportion of advanced stage cervical cancers is significantly higher than in the comparison group (PIR p<0.01).

^{***} Patient to primary care physician ratio only provided for areas designated as Primary Care Shortage Areas by OSHPD. (Civilian Populaton:1 Physician). Note: Statistical significance was not calculated for PIRs based on fewer than 15 total cervical cancer cases. Study results have been suppressed. Source: California Cancer Registry, California Department of Public Health (September 2016).

		Stı	udy Results					Demographics										
MSSA ID MSSA Description	Proportion Advanced Stage	Total Cases		Advanced Expected	Excess Advanced	PIR	95% C.I.	2010 Population	MSSA Desgination	Federal Poverty Level (%)	Race (%)	Race (%)	Hispanic Ethnicity (%)		Physician			
139m Central South Elk Grove/Franklin	<15 cases. See note.							76,040	Urban	Pov100 8.6 Pov200 19.1		48.1	19.2	No				
											Black	13.7	1					
											Am. Ind.	1.5						
											Other/Multi	19.5						
											Asian/PI	30.5						

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