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	Demographics															
MSSA ID MSSA Description	Proportion Advanced Stage	Total Cases	Advanced Observed	Advanced Expected	Excess Advanced	PIR	95% C.I.	2010 Population	MSSA Desgination	Feder Pover Level	rty	Race (%)	Race (%)		Primary Care Shortage Area (Yes/No)	Patient to Primary Care Physician Ratio***
163 Tracy	<15 cases. See note.							93,105	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	10 25.4	White	58.7	35.3	No	
												Black	9.1			
												Am. Ind.	2.6			
												Other/Multi	24.1			
												Asian/PI	20.9			
164.1 Lathrop/Manteca**	75	16	12	5.9	6.1	203.4	143.2-288.8	73,813	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	10.1 29.3	White	74.3	39.9	No	
												Black	4.7			
												Am. Ind.	3.3			
												Other/Multi	16.2			
												Asian/PI	12.7			
164.2 Banta/Escalon/Ripon/ Vernalis	<15 cases. See note.							53,468	Rural	Pov100 Pov200	8.1 24.2	White	83.5	26.4	Yes	6,091
												Black	5.1			
												Am. Ind.	2.5			
												Other/Multi	10.8			
												Asian/PI	7.4			

* Medical Service Study Areas as defined by Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD).

** The proportion of advanced stage cervical cancers is significantly higher than in the comparison group (PIR p<0.01). *** Patient to primary care physician ratio only provided for areas designated as Primary Care Shortage Areas by OSHPD. (Civilian Populaton:1 Physician). Note: Statistical significance was not calculated for PIRs based on fewer than 15 total cervical cancer cases. Study results have been suppressed.

Source: California Cancer Registry, California Department of Public Health (September 2016).

	Demographics															
MSSA ID MSSA Description	Proportion Advanced Stage	Total Cases	Advanced Observed		Excess Advanced	PIR	95% C.I.	2010 Population	MSSA Desgination	Federal Poverty Level (%)		Race (%)	Race (%)	Hispanic Ethnicity (%)	Primary Care Shortage Area (Yes/No)	Patient to Primary Care Physician Ratio***
165 Farmington/Linden	<15 cases. See note.							4,805	Rural	Pov100 Pov200	9.1 29.6	White	91.4	28.6	Yes	4,805
												Black	2.8			
												Am. Ind.	1.6			
												Other/Multi	14.4			
												Asian/PI	0.7			
166 Lodi	56	16	9	7.8	1.2	115.4	71.5-186.3	66,330	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	15.8 40.6	White	75.7	33.1	Yes	2,796
												Black	2.5			
												Am. Ind.	1.6			
												Other/Multi	14.9			
												Asian/PI	11.3			
167 Lockeford/North Woodbridge	<15 cases. See note.							37,235	Rural	Pov100 Pov200	12.6 31	White	63.1	26.7	Yes	35,340
												Black	5			
												Am. Ind.	0.8			
												Other/Multi	14			
												Asian/PI	23			

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	Demographics															
MSSA ID MSSA Description	Proportion Advanced Stage	Total Cases		Advanced Expected	Excess Advanced	PIR	95% C.I.	2010 Population	MSSA Desgination	Feder Pover Level (ty	Race (%)		Hispanic Ethnicity (%)		Patient to Primary Care Physician Ratio***
168 South Woodbridge/Thornton	<15 cases. See note.					•		24,236	Rural	Pov100 Pov200	9.8 27.1	White	70.1	28.7	No	
												Black	5.2			
												Am. Ind.	1.7			
												Other/Multi	14.7			
												Asian/PI	17.3			
169a Stockton North Central/Stockton Northeast**	67	18	12	7.7	4.3	155.8	120.7-201.2	97,348	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	23.3 51.2	White	47.2	36.7	Yes	2,654
												Black	13.8			
												Am. Ind.	3.3			
												Other/Multi	20.3			
												Asian/PI	28.9			

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** The proportion of advanced stage cervical cancers is significantly higher than in the comparison group (PIR p<0.01).

*** Patient to primary care physician ratio only provided for areas designated as Primary Care Shortage Areas by OSHPD. (Civilian Populaton:1 Physician). Note: Statistical significance was not calculated for PIRs based on fewer than 15 total cervical cancer cases. Study results have been suppressed. Source: California Cancer Registry, California Department of Public Health (September 2016).

		Stu	udy Results			Demographics										
MSSA ID MSSA Description	Proportion Advanced Stage	Total Cases	Advanced Observed	Advanced Expected	Excess Advanced	PIR	95% C.I.	2010 Population	MSSA Desgination	Feder Pover Level (ty	Race (%)	Race (%)		Primary Care Shortage Area (Yes/No)	Physician
169b French Camp/Stockton South/Stockton Southeast**	71	28	20	11.7	8.3	170.9	129-226.5	136,784	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	26.1 54.8	White	55.2	56.1	Yes	509
												Black	12.7			
												Am. Ind.	2.5			
												Other/Multi	25.3			
												Asian/PI	15.7			
169c Stockton Northwest/Stockton West	<15 cases. See note.							86,489	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	12.2 28.3	White	65.8	28.4	Yes	2,442
												Black	12.1			
												Am. Ind.	3.1			
												Other/Multi	17.8			
												Asian/PI	17.8			

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** The proportion of advanced stage cervical cancers is significantly higher than in the comparison group (PIR p<0.01).

*** Patient to primary care physician ratio only provided for areas designated as Primary Care Shortage Areas by OSHPD. (Civilian Populaton:1 Physician). Note: Statistical significance was not calculated for PIRs based on fewer than 15 total cervical cancer cases. Study results have been suppressed. Source: California Cancer Registry, California Department of Public Health (September 2016).