		Stı	udy Results					Demographics									
MSSA ID MSSA Description	Proportion Advanced Stage	Total Cases			Excess Advanced	PIR	95% C.I.	2010 Population	MSSA Desgination	Feder Pover Level (ty	Race (%)	Race (%)	Hispanic Ethnicity (%)	Primary Care Shortage Area (Yes/No)	Patient to Primary Care Physician Ratio***	
175.1 El Granada/Half Moon Bay/Miramar/Montara/ Moss Beach/Princeton by the Sea/Skyline	<15 cases. See note.	٠			٠	٠		23,629	Rural	Pov100 Pov200	5.2 15.1	White	90.7	24.6	No	·	
												Black	1.1				
												Am. Ind.	1.4				
												Other/Multi	7.7				
												Asian/PI	4.7				
175.2 La Honda/Loma Mar/Pescadero/San Gregorio/Sky Londa	<15 cases. See note.	٠		·		٠		4,314	Rural	Pov100 Pov200	6.7 26.1	White	80.3	25.1	Yes	0	
												Black	0.5				
												Am. Ind.	0.4				
												Other/Multi	21.8				
												Asian/PI	2.8				

^{*} Medical Service Study Areas as defined by Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD).

^{**} The proportion of advanced stage cervical cancers is significantly higher than in the comparison group (PIR p<0.01).

*** Patient to primary care physician ratio only provided for areas designated as Primary Care Shortage Areas by OSHPD. (Civilian Populaton:1 Physician). Note: Statistical significance was not calculated for PIRs based on fewer than 15 total cervical cancer cases. Study results have been suppressed. Source: California Cancer Registry, California Department of Public Health (September 2016).

		St	udy Results					Demographics									
MSSA ID MSSA Description	Proportion Advanced Stage	Total Cases		Advanced Expected		PIR	95% C.I.	2010 Population	MSSA Desgination	Feder Pover Level (ty	Race (%)	Race (%)	Hispanic Ethnicity (%)	Primary Care Shortage Area (Yes/No)	Patient to Primary Care Physician Ratio***	
175.3 Pacifica/Rockaway Beach/San Pedro Terrace/Sharp Park/Vallemar	<15 cases. See note.	·						36,993	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	4.8 10.9	White	72.7	16.7	Yes	18,364	
												Black	3.1				
												Am. Ind.	0.8				
												Other/Multi	11.4				
												Asian/PI	24.4				
176a Brisbane/Burlingame Northeast/Colma/Daly City East/Millbrae East/San Bruno/South San Francisco	20	15	3	4.2	-1.2	71.4	27.9-183	92,111	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	9 22.2	White	52.6	35.6	No		
												Black	3.3				
												Am. Ind.	1.5				
												Other/Multi	20.4				
												Asian/PI	33.5				

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^{**} The proportion of advanced stage cervical cancers is significantly higher than in the comparison group (PIR p<0.01).

*** Patient to primary care physician ratio only provided for areas designated as Primary Care Shortage Areas by OSHPD. (Civilian Populaton:1 Physician). Note: Statistical significance was not calculated for PIRs based on fewer than 15 total cervical cancer cases. Study results have been suppressed. Source: California Cancer Registry, California Department of Public Health (September 2016).

		Stu	udy Results					Demographics									
MSSA ID MSSA Description	Proportion Advanced Stage	Total Cases	Advanced Observed	Advanced Expected	Excess Advanced	PIR	95% C.I.	2010 Population	MSSA Desgination	Feder Pover Level (ty	Race (%)	Race (%)	Hispanic Ethnicity (%)	Primary Care Shortage Area (Yes/No)	Patient to Primary Care Physician Ratio***	
176b East Menlo Park/East Palo Alto/North Fair Oaks/Redwood City East**	56	18	10	6.8	3.2	147.1	100.1-216	74,483	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	16.8 43.9	White	66	62.5	No		
												Black	10.7				
												Am. Ind.	1.1				
												Other/Multi	17.1				
												Asian/PI	9.5				
176c Atherton/Lindenwood/ Menlo Oaks/Menlo Park/Redwood City Central/Sharon Heights/West Menlo Park/Woodside/ Woodside Hills	<15 cases. See note.					·		80,995	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	6.2 15.7	White	85.3	17.8	No	·	
												Black	1.9				
												Am. Ind.	0.9				
												Other/Multi	6.4				
												Asian/PI	11				

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^{**} The proportion of advanced stage cervical cancers is significantly higher than in the comparison group (PIR p<0.01).

^{***} Patient to primary care physician ratio only provided for areas designated as Primary Care Shortage Areas by OSHPD. (Civilian Populaton:1 Physician). Note: Statistical significance was not calculated for PIRs based on fewer than 15 total cervical cancer cases. Study results have been suppressed. Source: California Cancer Registry, California Department of Public Health (September 2016).

		St	udy Results					Demographics									
MSSA ID MSSA Description	Proportion Advanced Stage	Total Cases	Advanced Observed		Excess Advanced	PIR	95% C.I.	2010 Population	MSSA Desgination	Feder Pover Level (ty	Race (%)	Race (%)	Hispanic Ethnicity (%)	Primary Care Shortage Area (Yes/No)	Patient to Primary Care Physician Ratio***	
176d Broadmoor Village/Daly City West/San Bruno Northwest/Serramonte/ Westborough	56	25	14	10.2	3.8	137.3	91.9-205.1	118,128	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	6.4 18.7	White	31.1	21.5	No		
												Black	3.3				
												Am. Ind.	0.9				
												Other/Multi	13.6				
												Asian/PI	58.8				
176e Burlingame Hills/Burlingame Southwest/ Hillsborough/Hillsdale/ Millbrae West/San Bruno Central/San Mateo West	50	16	8	7.4	0.6	108.1	63.9-182.9	95,163	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	4.1 10.7	White	70	11	No		
												Black	2.2				
												Am. Ind.	1				
												Other/Multi	6.9				
												Asian/PI	28.5				

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^{**} The proportion of advanced stage cervical cancers is significantly higher than in the comparison group (PIR p<0.01).

^{***} Patient to primary care physician ratio only provided for areas designated as Primary Care Shortage Areas by OSHPD. (Civilian Populaton:1 Physician). Note: Statistical significance was not calculated for PIRs based on fewer than 15 total cervical cancer cases. Study results have been suppressed. Source: California Cancer Registry, California Department of Public Health (September 2016).

	Study Results										Demographics									
MSSA ID MSSA Description	Proportion Advanced Stage	Total Cases	Advanced Observed	Advanced Expected	Excess Advanced	PIR	95% C.I.	2010 Population	MSSA Desgination	Federal Poverty Level (%)	Race (%)	Race (%)	Hispanic Ethnicity (%)	Primary Care Shortage Area (Yes/No)	Patient to Primary Care Physician Ratio***					
176f Foster City/Redwood Shores/San Mateo East	50	18	9	6.7	2.3	134.3	76.7-235.3	88,010	Urban	Pov100 6 Pov200 16.1		62.5	23.2	No	·					
											Black	3.4								
											Am. Ind.	0.8								
											Other/Multi	11								
											Asian/PI	32.9								
176g Belmont/Devonshire/ Emerald Lake/Farm Hills/Palomar Park/San Carlos West/The Highlands	50	20	10	9	1	111.1	68.6-179.9	90,501	Urban	Pov100 3.7 Pov200 9.9		77.8	9.8	No	·					
											Black	2.1								
											Am. Ind.	0.8								
											Other/Multi	7.8								
											Asian/PI	21.5								

^{*} Medical Service Study Areas as defined by Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD).

^{**} The proportion of advanced stage cervical cancers is significantly higher than in the comparison group (PIR p<0.01).

^{***} Patient to primary care physician ratio only provided for areas designated as Primary Care Shortage Areas by OSHPD. (Civilian Populaton:1 Physician). Note: Statistical significance was not calculated for PIRs based on fewer than 15 total cervical cancer cases. Study results have been suppressed. Source: California Cancer Registry, California Department of Public Health (September 2016).