	Demographics															
MSSA ID MSSA Description	Proportion Advanced Stage	Total Cases	Advanced Observed	Advanced Expected	Excess Advanced	PIR	95% C.I.	2010 Population	MSSA Desgination	Feder Pover Level (rty	Race (%)	Race (%)	Hispanic Ethnicity (%)	Primary Care Shortage Area (Yes/No)	Patient to Primary Care Physician Ratio***
186 Anderson/Cottonwood/ French Gulch/Happy Valley/Igo/Ono/Platina/ Shasta	<15 cases. See note.	٠	·			•		32,258	Rural	Pov100 Pov200	15.5 39.6	White	93	9.5	Yes	1,897
												Black	1.3			
												Am. Ind.	3.7			
												Other/Multi	6.4			
												Asian/PI	2.9			
187 Castella/Lakehead/ OÆBrien	<15 cases. See note.	٠		·		٠		1,370	Frontier	Pov100 Pov200	7.8 25.1	White	91.5	4.2	Yes	0
												Black	0.3			
												Am. Ind.	6.7			
												Other/Multi	1.8			
												Asian/PI	1.7			

^{*} Medical Service Study Areas as defined by Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD).

^{**} The proportion of advanced stage cervical cancers is significantly higher than in the comparison group (PIR p<0.01).

*** Patient to primary care physician ratio only provided for areas designated as Primary Care Shortage Areas by OSHPD. (Civilian Populaton:1 Physician). Note: Statistical significance was not calculated for PIRs based on fewer than 15 total cervical cancer cases. Study results have been suppressed. Source: California Cancer Registry, California Department of Public Health (September 2016).

	Demographics															
MSSA ID MSSA Description	Proportion Advanced Stage	Total Cases	Advanced Observed		Excess Advanced	PIR	95% C.I.	2010 Population	MSSA Desgination	Federal Poverty Level (%)		Race (%)	Race (%)	Hispanic Ethnicity (%)	Primary Care Shortage Area (Yes/No)	Patient to Primary Care Physician Ratio***
188.1 Big Bend/Montgomery Creek/Oak Run/Round Mountain	<15 cases. See note.			·	٠			4,973	Frontier	Pov100 Pov200	14.8 28.8	White	91.6	5.9	Yes	0
												Black	0.9			
												Am. Ind.	10.8			
												Other/Multi	10.3			
												Asian/PI	3			
188.2 Manton/Millville/ Shingletown/Viola	<15 cases. See note.					٠	•	6,262	Frontier	Pov100 Pov200	13 29.1	White	95.3	3	Yes	2,087
												Black	0.6			
												Am. Ind.	4.2			
												Other/Multi	4.3			
												Asian/PI	3.3			
189.1 Palo Cedro	<15 cases. See note.		•		•		•	4,684	Rural	Pov100 Pov200	17 23.1	White	92.5	5.7	Yes	4,684
												Black	3.2			
												Am. Ind.	3.8			
												Other/Multi	7			
												Asian/PI	3.2			

^{*} Medical Service Study Areas as defined by Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD).

^{**} The proportion of advanced stage cervical cancers is significantly higher than in the comparison group (PIR p<0.01).

^{***} Patient to primary care physician ratio only provided for areas designated as Primary Care Shortage Areas by OSHPD. (Civilian Populaton:1 Physician). Note: Statistical significance was not calculated for PIRs based on fewer than 15 total cervical cancer cases. Study results have been suppressed. Source: California Cancer Registry, California Department of Public Health (September 2016).

	Demographics															
MSSA ID MSSA Description	Proportion Advanced Stage	Total Cases	Advanced Observed		Excess Advanced	PIR	95% C.I.	2010 Population	MSSA Desgination	Federal Poverty Level (%)		Race (%) (%		Hispanic Ethnicity (%)	Primary Care Shortage Area (Yes/No)	Patient to Primary Care Physician Ratio***
189.2 Redding**	57	21	12	7.4	4.6	162.2	114.5-229.7	99,163	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	16.8 37	White	92.4	8.4	No	
												Black	1.7			
												Am. Ind.	4.8			
												Other/Multi	6.5			
												Asian/PI	3.7			
189.3 Bella Vista/City of Shasta Lake	<15 cases. See note.		٠	•	٠			20,808	Rural	Pov100 Pov200	19.3 38.4	White	92.1	6.1	Yes	6,936
												Black	1.6			
												Am. Ind.	5.2			
												Other/Multi	6.2			
												Asian/PI	4.1			
190 Burney/Cassel/Fall River Mills/Hat Creek/McArthur	<15 cases. See note.						·	7,388	Frontier	Pov100 Pov200	14.1 41.3	White	88.8	8.6	Yes	2,399
												Black	0.4			
												Am. Ind.	6.4			
												Other/Multi	8.7			
												Asian/PI	4.2			

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^{**} The proportion of advanced stage cervical cancers is significantly higher than in the comparison group (PIR p<0.01).

^{***} Patient to primary care physician ratio only provided for areas designated as Primary Care Shortage Areas by OSHPD. (Civilian Populaton:1 Physician). Note: Statistical significance was not calculated for PIRs based on fewer than 15 total cervical cancer cases. Study results have been suppressed. Source: California Cancer Registry, California Department of Public Health (September 2016).