Study Results										Demographics									
	SSA ID Description	Proportion Advanced Stage	Total Cases		Advanced Expected	Excess Advanced	PIR	95% C.I.	2010 Population	MSSA Desgination	Federal Poverty Level (%)		Race (%)	Race (%)	Hispanic Ethnicity (%)		Patient to Primary Care Physician Ratio***		
201 Dixe	con	<15 cases. See note.							20,729	Rural	Pov100 Pov200	9.9 26	White	77.7	40.1	Yes	2,591		
													Black	3.9					
													Am. Ind.	1.3					
													Other/Multi	20.3					
													Asian/PI	6.3					
202a Vac	caville	50	16	8	6.2	1.8	129	87.4-190.6	99,440	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	6.9 18.4	White	72.5	21	No			
													Black	11.4					
													Am. Ind.	2					
													Other/Multi	17.5					
													Asian/PI	9.2					
202b Fair	irfield**	67	18	12	7.4	4.6	162.2	116.8-225.1	108,041	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	11.9 28.9	White	48.2	27.8	No			
													Black	21.6					
													Am. Ind.	2.2					
													Other/Multi	25.1					
													Asian/PI	19.8					

<sup>\*</sup> Medical Service Study Areas as defined by Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD).

<sup>\*\*</sup> The proportion of advanced stage cervical cancers is significantly higher than in the comparison group (PIR p<0.01).

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Patient to primary care physician ratio only provided for areas designated as Primary Care Shortage Areas by OSHPD. (Civilian Populaton:1 Physician). Note: Statistical significance was not calculated for PIRs based on fewer than 15 total cervical cancer cases. Study results have been suppressed. Source: California Cancer Registry, California Department of Public Health (September 2016).

	Demographics															
MSSA ID MSSA Description	Proportion Advanced Stage	Total Cases	Advanced Observed	Advanced Expected	Excess Advanced	PIR	95% C.I.	2010 Population	MSSA Desgination	Federal Poverty Level (%)		Race (%)	Race (%)	Hispanic Ethnicity (%)	Primary Care Shortage Area (Yes/No)	Patient to Primary Care Physician Ratio***
203.1 Benicia/Collinsville/ Suisun City	<15 cases. See note.						·	32,809	Rural	Pov100 Pov200	5.5 12.2	White	61.9	16.5	Yes	32,809
												Black	10.3			
												Am. Ind.	1.8			
												Other/Multi	12.7			
												Asian/PI	24.7			
203.2 Rio Vista	<15 cases. See note.						•	7,530	Rural	Pov100 Pov200	9.3 23.2	White	81.3	15.4	Yes	7,447
												Black	6.6			
												Am. Ind.	4.7			
												Other/Multi	13.8			
												Asian/PI	7.9			
204 Vallejo**	60	20	12	7.5	4.5	160	109-234.8	141,493	Urban	Pov100 Pov200	12.6 27	White	47	20.5	No	
												Black	21.6			
												Am. Ind.	2.2			
												Other/Multi	17.8			
												Asian/PI	26.2			

<sup>\*</sup> Medical Service Study Areas as defined by Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD).

<sup>\*\*</sup> The proportion of advanced stage cervical cancers is significantly higher than in the comparison group (PIR p<0.01).

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Patient to primary care physician ratio only provided for areas designated as Primary Care Shortage Areas by OSHPD. (Civilian Populaton:1 Physician). Note: Statistical significance was not calculated for PIRs based on fewer than 15 total cervical cancer cases. Study results have been suppressed. Source: California Cancer Registry, California Department of Public Health (September 2016).